

The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited

Monitoring effectiveness of wound protectants against Psa-V

Kerry Everett, Shamini Pushparajah, Michele Vergara, Kabir Shahjahan, Bethan Parry, Elaine Gould

Overview

Three sets of trials

- » Potted plants (pre-commercial GA, pre-commercial GB, Hort16A)
- » 'Chieftain' male plants in the orchard
 - » Winter pruning (July 21-24 2015)
 - » Spring pruning (November 19 2015)

<u>Assessments</u>

- » Potted plants after 11 weeks
- » 'Chieftain' males after 2 weeks



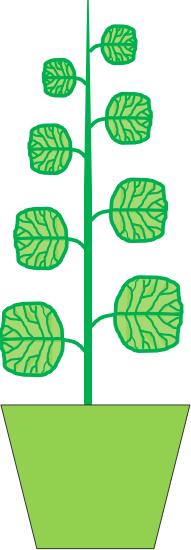


Chemicals used to treat wounds

Trade name	Active ingredient	% a.i.	Application rate	Application method
Copper sulphate pentahydrate	Copper sulphate pentahydrate	250 g/L (25%)	9.4 kg/L	Paint
Bacseal®	Tebuconazole	10 g/L	undiluted	Paint
InocBloc™ spray	Pine tar	c. 45% pine tar/c. 45% ethanol	undiluted	Spray
InocBloc™ paste	Pine tar	>90%	undiluted	Paint
InocBlock™ mastic	Pine tar	Not supplied	Not supplied	Paint



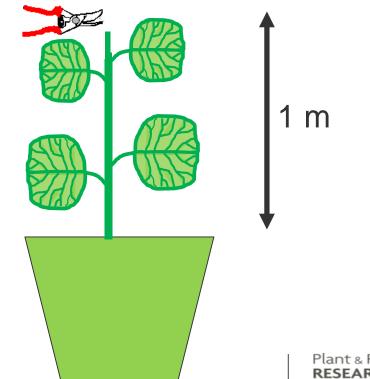
» Potted plants





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- » Cut 1 m above soil level
- » Applied wound protectants
- » Inoculated with two concentrations of Psa-V
- » $(10^4 \text{ and } 10^6 \text{ cfu/ml})$
- » 10 plants per treatment





Treatments

GB and Hort16A

- 1. copper paste
- 2. Bacseal
- 3. inoculated control
- 4. uninoculated control

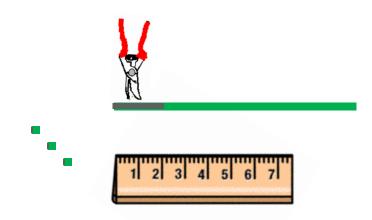
GA

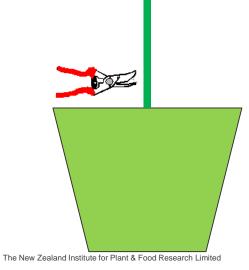
- 1. InocBloc spray
- 2. InocBloc paste
- 3. InocBloc mastic
- 4. inoculated control
- 5. uninoculated control

N.B. 12 treatments altogether, those not relevant to Organic growers are not shown



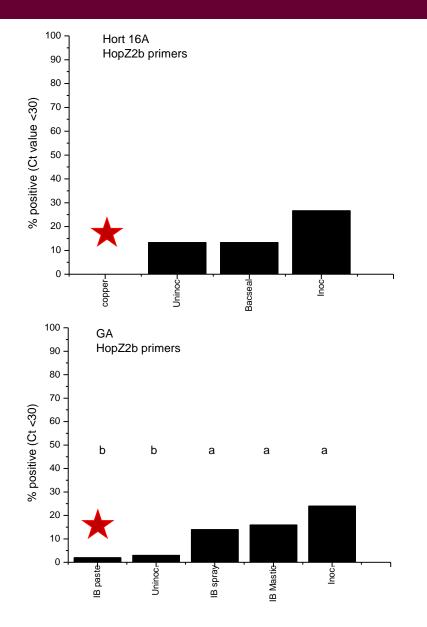
- » After 11 weeks
- » Cut off vine
- » Measured brown staining (lesions)
- Took samples at the wounded end, 5 and
 10 cm below the wound
- » Extracted DNA and tested with F3/R4 and HopZ2b primers in qPCR reactions

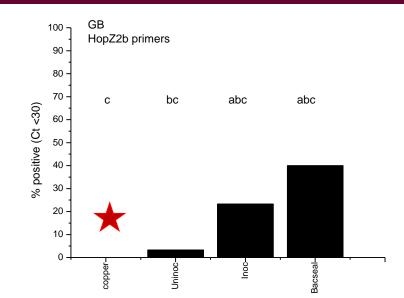






Summarised results





When mean Ct values were analysed, copper paste and InocBloc paste gave significantly greater wound protection than inoculated controls



'Chieftain' males in the orchard

					Row					
Position	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	Row 9	Row 10
1a	Х	Х			8	Х	9	Х	Х	Х
1b										
2a	Х	Х	Х	1.1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
3a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
4a	Х	Х	Х	2	Х	Х	10.6	Х	Х	Х
4b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
5a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
6a	Х	Х	Х	3.2	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
6b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
7a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	11	Х	Х	Х
7b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
8a	Х	Х	Х	4	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
8b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
9a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
9b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
10a	Х	Х	Х	5.3	Х	Х	12.5	Х	Х	Х
10b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
11a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
12a	Х	Х	Х	6	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
12b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
13a	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X.4	Х	Х	Х
13b		Х	Х		Х	Х		Х	Х	
14a	х	Х	Х	7	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
14b		Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	
15a	х				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
15b		Х								

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N.B. 12 treatments altogether, those not relevant to Organic growers are not shown in the results

Treatments

Chieftain males winter and spring

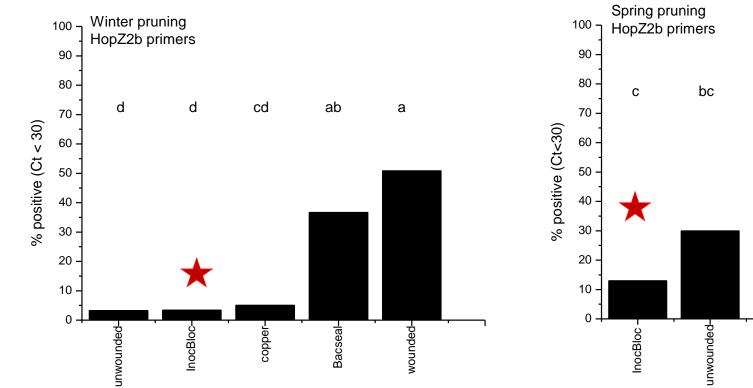
- 1. Copper paste
- 2. Bacseal
- 3. InocBloc paste
- 4. Untreated wounded
- 5. Untreated unwounded

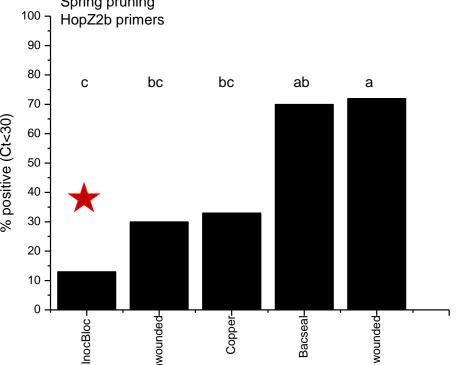


- » Treated in winter and spring
- » Took baseline sample just before applying wound protectants
- » Treated 5 canes per vine
 - » 12 vines for winter pruning
 - » 6 vines for spring pruning
- » After 2 weeks
- » Took samples at the cut end and 5 cm below the wound
- » Extracted DNA and tested with F3/R4 and HopZ2b primers in qPCR reactions



Results







Summary and conclusion

» Copper paste and InocBloc paste consistently and effectively protected wounds against Psa-V





InocBloc paste





Chemicals used to treat wounds

Trade name	Active ingredient	% a.i.	Application rate	Application method
Copper sulphate pentahydrate	Copper sulphate pentahydrate	250 g/L (25%)	9.4 kg/L	Paint
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Summary and conclusion

- » Copper paste and InocBloc paste consistently and effectively protected wounds against Psa-V
- » In untreated 'Chieftain' canes 2 weeks after wounding
 - » Psa-V increased from 3.3% to 50% (winter)
 - » Psa-V increased from 30% to 72% (spring)
- » Further testing on 'Hayward' and Gold3 ('Zesy002') is required
- » Testing other formulations of copper is required



InocBloc paste







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Kerry.Everett@plantandfood.co.nz